# Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 01-Jun-2012

Revision Date: 31-Oct-2013

Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION				
Product Identifier Product Name	ARROW 1106 Low-VOC Solvent Cement for CP	/C Plastic Pipe		
Other means of identification SDS #	AAC-1106			
UN/ID No Product Code	UN1133 1106, AA-1106			
Recommended use of the chemica Recommended Use: Low-VOC solvent cement for CPVC				
Details of the supplier of the safety Supplier Address Arrow Adhesives Company 5457 Spalding Dr. Norcross, GA 30092	v data sheet			
Emergency Telephone Number Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone (24 hr)	1-800-678-9058 INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International) 1-800-535-5053 (North America)			
	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION			
Appearance Clear or Orange Liqui	d Physical State Liquid		Odor	Ether-like
Classification				
Acute toxicity - Oral		Category 4		
		Category 2		
Carcinogenicity Category 2				
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3				
Flammable Liquids Category 2				
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified May be harmful in contact with skin	(HNOC)			
Signal Word				

Danger

# Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed Causes serious eye irritation Suspected of causing cancer May cause respiratory irritation Highly flammable liquid and vapor



## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Wear eye/face protection Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Keep cool

## Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell Rinse mouth IN CASE OF FIRE: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

#### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

<u>Precautionary Statements - Disposal</u> Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### WHMIS Classification

Class B-Division 2 Class D-Division 2A Class D-Division 2B

Other Hazards Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Unknown Acute Toxicity

5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

## **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Proprietary
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Proprietary
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Proprietary
Acetone	67-64-1	Proprietary
CPVC Resin	68648-82-8	Proprietary

\* The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret

## **4. FIRST-AID MEASURES** First Aid Measures Eye Contact In case of irritation from airborne exposure, move to fresh air. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. **Skin Contact** Take off contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately. Ingestion Rinse mouth. Seek medical attention. If drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with head down. Do not induce vomiting. Most important symptoms and effects Symptoms Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may result in dermatitis (red, dry skin). May cause nose and throat irritation, with possible central nervous system effects. Long term overexposure may cause liver and kidney damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Fatigue and weakness. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically. Individuals with chronic respiratory, skin, kidney, or liver disorders may be at increased risk from exposure. May cause conjunctivitis with prolonged or repeated eye exposure.

## **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Class IB Flammable Liquid. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon oxides. Various hydrocarbon vapors and toxic gases.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment as required. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Persons not wearing proper personal protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill.
Environmental Precautions	Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods and material for containm	ent and cleaning up
Methods for Containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Methods for Clean-Up	Pump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to containers for disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, solid) all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Conditions for safe storage. includ	ing any incompatibilities
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Store containers upright. Store away from heat, sparks, flame.

## Incompatible Materials Oxidizers. Acids. Bases.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	STEL: 100 ppm TWA: 50 ppm S*	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 250 ppm (vacated) STEL: 735 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 2000 ppm TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 735 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	STEL: 50 ppm TWA: 20 ppm S*	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) S*	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## ARROW 1106 Low-VOC CPVC Cement

Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	STEL: 300 ppm TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 300 ppm (vacated) STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 3000 ppm TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 300 ppm STEL: 885 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls	Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Ventilation
	systems. Showers. Eyewash stations.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection	Splash goggles or safety glasses.
Skin and Body Protection	Rubber gloves. Use body protection appropriate for task.
Respiratory Protection	Not required under normal conditions. If recommended levels are exceeded, respiratory protection must be selected to assure compliance with OSHA Standard 29CFR 1910.134.
General Hygiene Considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.	

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Appearance Color	Liquid Clear or Orange Liquid Clear or Orange	Odor Odor Threshold	Ether-like Not determined
<u>Property</u> pH Melting Point/Freezing Point Boiling Point/Boiling Range Flash Point	Values Not available Not determined 56 °C / 133 °F -20 °C / -4 °F	<u>Remarks • Method</u>	
Evaporation Rate Flammability (Solid, Gas) Upper Flammability Limits Lower Flammability Limit	8.0 n/a-liquid 11.8% 1.8%	(butyl acetate = 1)	
Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Specific Gravity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient Auto-ignition Temperature	182 mm Hg 2.5 0.910 Negligible Not determined Not determined Not determined	@ 20°C (68°F) (Air=1)	

Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Maximum VOC emissions when applied and tested per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A is <= 490 q/L

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

## **Chemical Stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Oxidizers. Acids. Bases.

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Other various hydrocarbons.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	
Eye Contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Contact	May be harmful in contact with skin.
Inhalation	Avoid breathing vapors or mists.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

#### Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	= 1650 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 53.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h = 180 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	= 800 mg/kg (Rat)	= 948 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 10.7 mg/L (Rat)4 h = 8000 ppm (Rat)4 h
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	= 2737 mg/kg (Rat)	= 6480 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

## Information on physical. chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms

Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. However, the product as a whole has not been tested.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	A3			
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	A3	Group 3		

#### Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) A3 - Animal Carcinogen IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens" STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

**Unknown Acute Toxicity** 

5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Tetrahydrofuran		1970 - 2360: 96 h		5930: 24 h Daphnia magna
109-99-9		Pimephales promelas mg/L		mg/L EC50
		LC50 flow-through 2700 -		
		3600: 96 h Pimephales		
		promelas mg/L LC50 static		
Cyclohexanone	20: 96 h Chlorella vulgaris	481 - 578: 96 h Pimephales	EC50 = 18.5 mg/L 5 min	800: 24 h Daphnia magna
108-94-1	mg/L EC50	promelas mg/L LC50	EC50 = 21.3 mg/L 10 min	mg/L EC50
		flow-through 8.9: 96 h	EC50 = 25 mg/L 5 min	
		Pimephales promelas mg/L		
		LC50		
Methyl ethyl ketone		3130 - 3320: 96 h	EC50 = 3403 mg/L 30 min	520: 48 h Daphnia magna
78-93-3		Pimephales promelas mg/L	EC50 = 3426 mg/L 5 min	mg/L EC50 5091: 48 h
		LC50 flow-through		Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
				4025 - 6440: 48 h Daphnia
				magna mg/L EC50 Static
Acetone		4.74 - 6.33: 96 h	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	10294 - 17704: 48 h Daphnia
67-64-1		Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L		magna mg/L EC50 Static
		LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h		12600 - 12700: 48 h Daphnia
		Pimephales promelas mg/L		magna mg/L EC50
		LC50 static 8300: 96 h		
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L		
		LC50		

## Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

## **Bioaccumulation**

Not determined.

## **Mobility**

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	0.45
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	0.29
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	0.86
Acetone 67-64-1	-0.24

#### Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of WastesDisposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and<br/>regulations.Contaminated PackagingDisposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and<br/>regulations.

## US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9				U213
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U057
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	U159	Included in waste streams: F005, F039	200.0 mg/L regulatory level	U159
Acetone 67-64-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U002

## California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Tetrahydrofuran	Toxic
109-99-9	Ignitable
Methyl ethyl ketone	Toxic
78-93-3	Ignitable
Acetone	Ignitable
67-64-1	

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

<u>Note</u>	Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances. Shipments of containers holding 1 liter or less in volume may qualify for a "Limited Quantity" exception. Refer to 49 CFR 173.150 for additional information.
<u>DOT</u>	
UN/ID No	UN1133
Proper Shipping Name	Adhesives
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II
IATA UN/ID No	UN1133
Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	Adhesives
	3
Packing Group	II
IMDG	
UN/ID No	UN1133
Proper Shipping Name	Adhesives
Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	ll
Marine Pollutant	This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

TSCA

Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

## US Federal Regulations

## **CERCLA**

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Acetone 67-64-1	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ

SARA 313 Not determined

## US State Regulations

## U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	Х	Х	Х
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	Х	X	Х
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	Х	Х	Х
Acetone 67-64-1	Х	Х	Х

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA HMIS	Health Hazards 2 Health Hazards 2	Flammability 3 Flammability 3	Instability 1 Physical Hazards 1	<b>Special Hazards</b> None <b>Personal Protection</b> G
Issue Date: Revision Date: Revision Note:	01-Jun-201 31-Oct-201 New format	3		

## <u>Disclaimer</u>

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

#### End of Safety Data Sheet